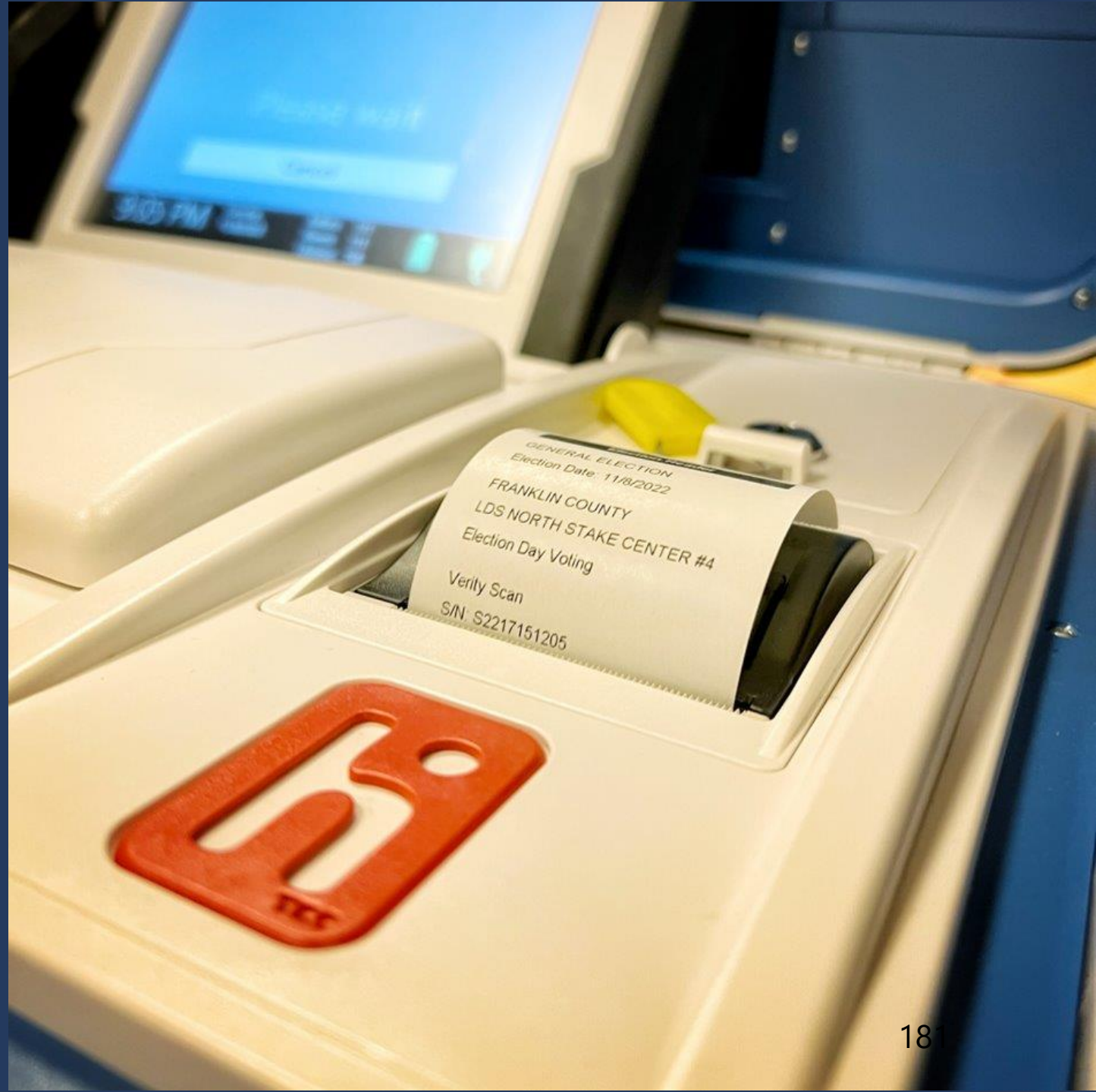




# ElectionGuard and the College Park 2023 November Election

RC Carter, Microsoft

July 11, 2023



# Agenda

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- ElectionGuard overview
- How it will work this November

# What is ElectionGuard?

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- Free, open source software for voting system vendors (or election administrators) to implement *end-to-end verifiability (e2ev)*
- Runs alongside (and does not modify) the core election system
- Increases confidence in election outcomes through transparency and advanced cryptography and security
- Enables a public copy of the election results that preserves voter privacy and the secret ballot while allowing independent verification of the ballots and tallies



# ElectionGuard

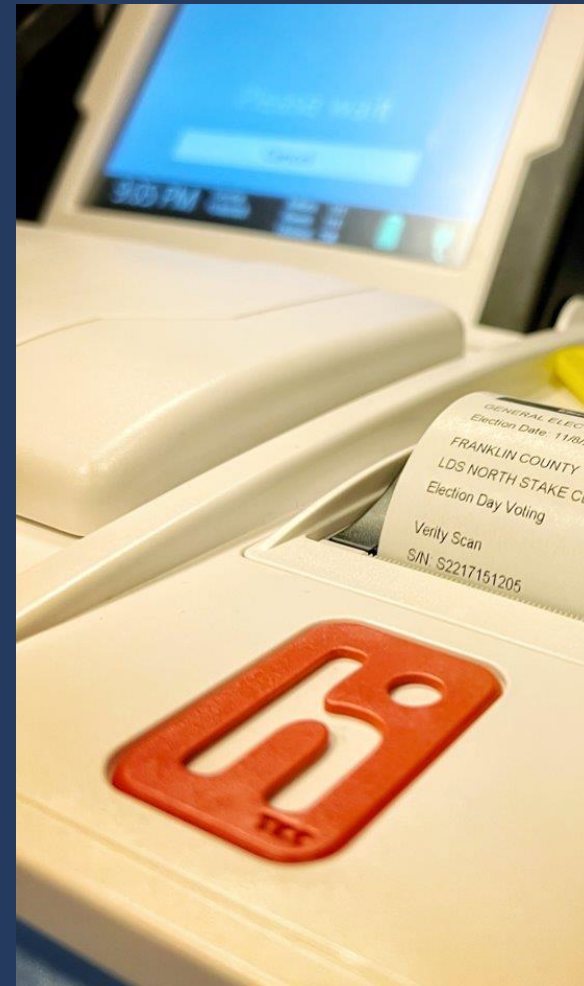
# ElectionGuard History

- Started in 2019
- First code release September 2019
- Bounty program started in 2020
- First public election with VotingWorks in Fulton County, Wisconsin, February 2020
- Partnership with Hart July 2021
- First public election with Hart, Enhanced Voting, Center for Civic Design, and MITRE in Franklin County, Idaho November 2022



# The Voting Process with ElectionGuard

- The voter votes as usual (fills out a paper ballot)
- The voter inserts the ballot into the Hart scanner
- The scanner prints the ElectionGuard confirmation code and shows a summary screen to the voter with the interpretation of the ballot
- If the voter submits the ballot, they take the confirmation code home to check that ballot was included in the published tally
- If the voter runs a BallotCheck instead, the ballot will not be included in the tally
- BallotCheck ballots are published separately so the voter can validate what the machine *would have* submitted if the voter chose to cast



## Confirmation Code

Use this ticket to verify  
your ballot was counted.  
Go to:  
[www.findmyballot.com](http://www.findmyballot.com)

## Scan with your phone



-or-

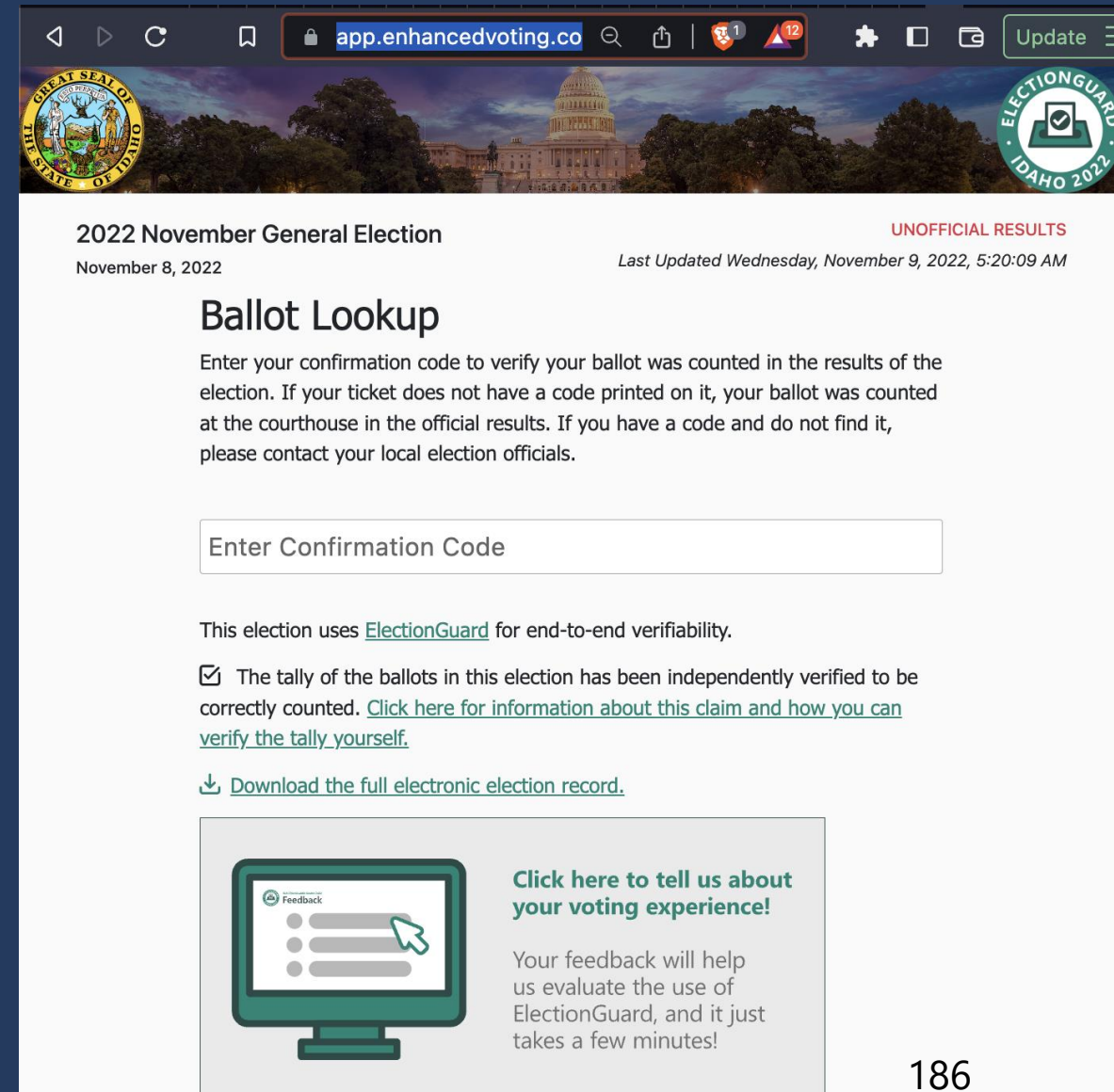
## Enter this code:

4CCD3 6EDC2 CA933  
7A632 25E08 9B3CE  
2039B 886FE 6E667  
62F7A 225B0 BD725  
1876



# Verifying Your Ballot was Counted

- Get the URL to the published Election Record  
<https://app.enhancedvoting.com/results/public/cc/id/22>
- Go to the MITRE verifier page  
<https://mitre.github.io/ElectionGuardVerifier.jl/gitpod.html>
- Run the verifier on a remote server (using Github Copilot)



app.enhancedvoting.co

2022 November General Election  
November 8, 2022

UNOFFICIAL RESULTS  
Last Updated Wednesday, November 9, 2022, 5:20:09 AM

## Ballot Lookup


Enter your confirmation code to verify your ballot was counted in the results of the election. If your ticket does not have a code printed on it, your ballot was counted at the courthouse in the official results. If you have a code and do not find it, please contact your local election officials.

Enter Confirmation Code

This election uses [ElectionGuard](#) for end-to-end verifiability.

☒ The tally of the ballots in this election has been independently verified to be correctly counted. [Click here for information about this claim and how you can verify the tally yourself.](#)

[Download the full electronic election record.](#)

 **Click here to tell us about your voting experience!**

Your feedback will help us evaluate the use of ElectionGuard, and it just takes a few minutes!

# Independently Verifying the College Park Results

- Access the published Election Record from the confirmation code website
- Run an independent verifier on the published election
- Verify each and every ballot is valid and hasn't been modified
- Verify the tallies derived from the ballot are valid

## Verification 2 (Guardian public-key validation)

For each guardian  $G_i$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq n$ , and for each  $j \in \mathbb{Z}_k$ , an election verifier must compute the value

$$(2.1) \quad h_{i,j} = g^{v_{i,j}} \cdot K_{i,j}^{c_{i,j}} \bmod p$$

and then must confirm the following.

(2.A) The value  $K_{i,j}$  is in  $\mathbb{Z}_p^*$ . (A value  $x$  is in  $\mathbb{Z}_p^*$  if and only if  $x$  is an integer such that  $0 \leq x < p$  and  $x^q \bmod p = 1$  is satisfied.)

(2.B) The value  $v_{i,j}$  is in  $\mathbb{Z}_q$ . (A value  $x$  is in  $\mathbb{Z}_q$  if and only if  $x$  is an integer such that  $0 \leq x < q$ .)

(2.C) The challenge  $c_{i,j}$  is correctly computed as  $c_{i,j} = H(H_P; 10, i, j, K_{i,j}, h_{i,j})$ .

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It is worth noting here that for any fixed constant  $\alpha$ , the value  $g^{P_i(\alpha)} \bmod p$  can be computed entirely from the published commitments as

$$g^{P_i(\alpha)} \bmod p = g^{\sum_{j=0}^{k-1} a_{i,j} \alpha^j} \bmod p = \prod_{j=0}^{k-1} g^{a_{i,j} \alpha^j} \bmod p = \prod_{j=0}^{k-1} (g^{a_{i,j}})^{\alpha^j} \bmod p = \prod_{j=0}^{k-1} K_{i,j}^{\alpha^j} \bmod p. \quad (12)$$

```
inflating: record/submitted_ballots/submitted_ballot_9402450000000005031.json
inflating: record/submitted_ballots/submitted_ballot_9402450000000005051.json
inflating: record/submitted_ballots/submitted_ballot_9402450000000005061.json
inflating: record/submitted_ballots/submitted_ballot_9402450000000005071.json
inflating: record/submitted_ballots/submitted_ballot_9402450000000005101.json
inflating: record/submitted_ballots/submitted_ballot_9402450000000005111.json
inflating: record/submitted_ballots/submitted_ballot_9402450000000005221.json
```

```
Loading e08c5c2c-6f43-4c5c-bce8-978594dbc9f6.
```

```
Found 1.0 election records as expected.
```

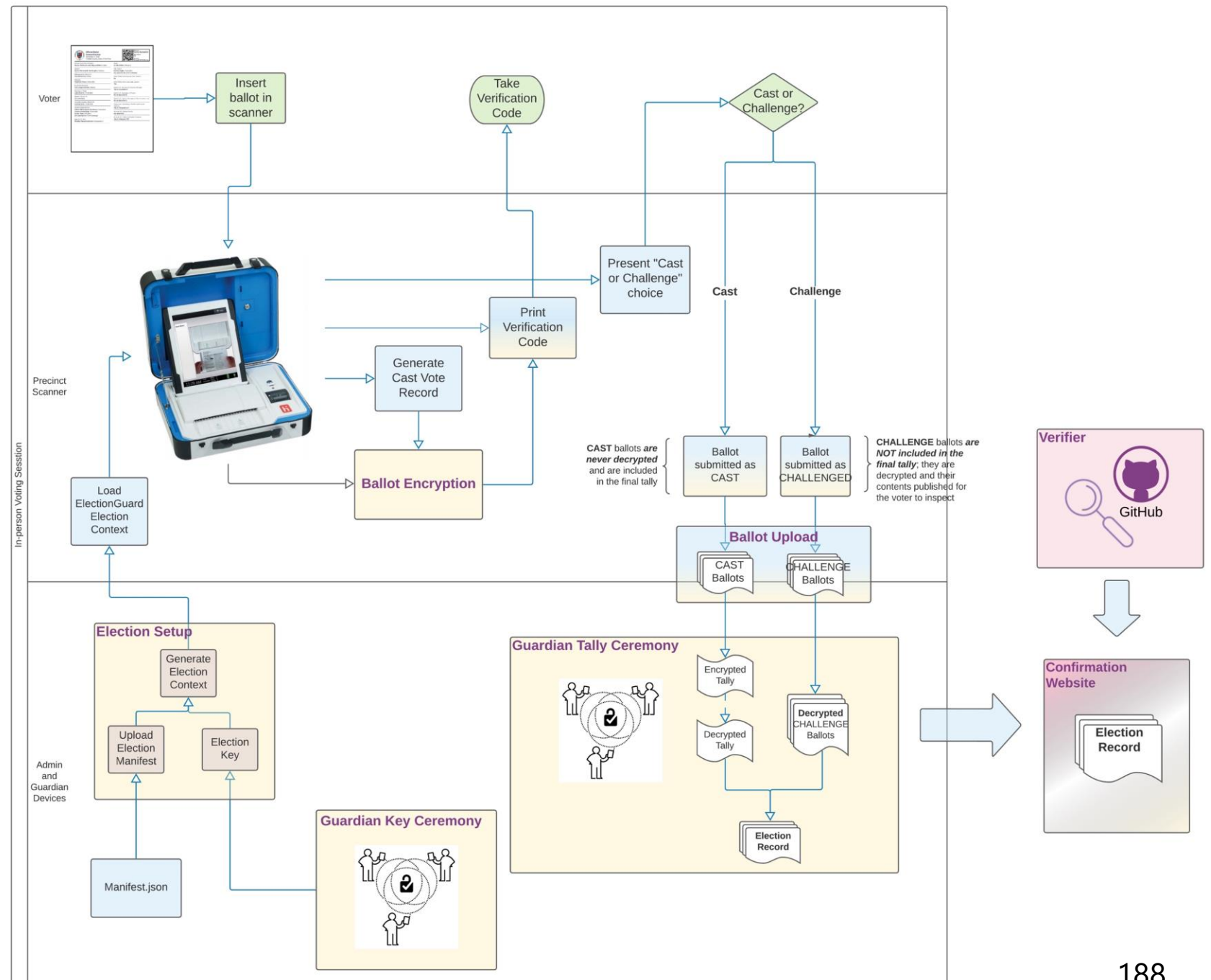
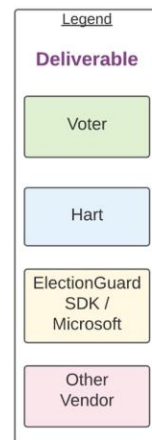
```
e08c5c2c-6f43-4c5c-bce8-978594dbc9f6
```

1. Standard parameters were found.
2. Guardian pubkeys are valid.
3. Election pubkey is valid.
4. Selection encryptions are valid.
5. Vote limits are adhered to.
6. No duplicate confirmation codes found.
7. Tally aggregation is correct.
8. Tally partial decryptions are correct.
9. Tally substitute decryptions are correct.
10. Coefficients validated.
10. Missing tally shares are correct.
11. Tally decryptions are correct.
11. Tally selections agree with the manifest.

```
lot 94024500000000001531 partial decryptions are correct.
lot 94024500000000001531 substitute decryptions are correct.
iled ballot 94024500000000001531 shares are correct.
lot 94024500000000001531 decryptions are correct.
lot 94024500000000001531 selections agree with the manifest.
lot 94024500000000003191 partial decryptions are correct.
lot 94024500000000003191 substitute decryptions are correct.
iled ballot 94024500000000003191 shares are correct.
lot 94024500000000003191 decryptions are correct.
lot 94024500000000003191 selections agree with the manifest.
lots are well-formed.
```

```
ce/ElectionGuardVerifier.jl (master) $
```

# ElectionGuard Franklin County Process Diagram





# Microsoft Democracy Forward

## ElectionGuard

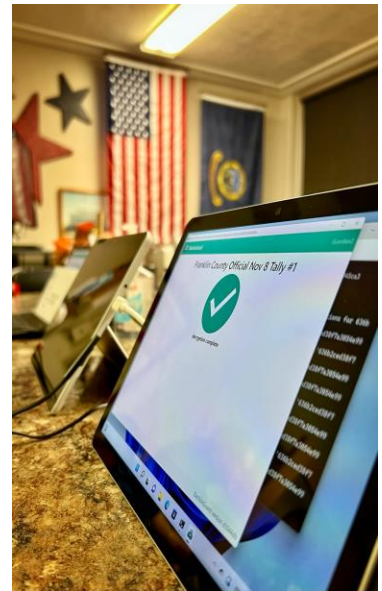
Increasing confidence in Elections



**What is it?** ElectionGuard is open-source software that improves confidence and participation in elections. It allows voters to verify that their ballots were included in the published tally, that their selections are correctly recorded by the voting system, and for independent verifiers to confirm the recorded votes are correctly tallied.

**How does it work?** ElectionGuard runs alongside an existing voting system. It creates a parallel, encrypted copy of every vote, and uses advanced cryptographic techniques and security procedures to preserve the secrecy of the ballot and privacy of every voter. Voters are given a confirmation code with a website URL that they can go to after the election ends to verify that their ballots were included.

ElectionGuard also enables Guardians—respected members of a community chosen by election administrators—to prepare the election and enable the voting system to encrypt ballots. Once the election is over and the encrypted ballots are collected, the Guardians compute a tally without decrypting the ballots. Consistent with modern election voting practices, ceremonies are conducted offline, so no external actors can tamper with the process. Verifiers built by independent third-party organizations such as MITRE can then ensure the recorded votes have been correctly tallied.



### 2022 Highlights

- **Ran successful pilot** in 2022 Franklin County, Idaho General Election
- **Produced End-to-End Verifiability Report**
- **Gave presentation to the Election Assistance Commission (EAC)** on independent verifiability



**Where can I get ElectionGuard?** ElectionGuard is available for free on Github. It is being tested and brought to market via a series of diverse and complex pilot elections. It was first tested in Fulton, Wisconsin, in 2019 in partnership with VotingWorks.

More recently, ElectionGuard was used in the 2022 Franklin County, Idaho general election. Hart InterCivic incorporated ElectionGuard into their Verity precinct scanner. The Center for Civic Design helped with messaging and voter feedback to confirm we accomplished our objectives; Enhanced Voting built the public website for voters to check their confirmation codes; and MITRE verified the election was correctly tallied.

We are currently working on ElectionGuard 2.0, which will enable additional voting methods, faster and more efficient ballot encryption, and a production-level version of the software used by Election Administrators.

In 2023, we are seeking additional pilots to test additional voting methods such as vote by mail.

